

# A Screenshot Tour of the Science Working Group

**Jay Jay Billings**

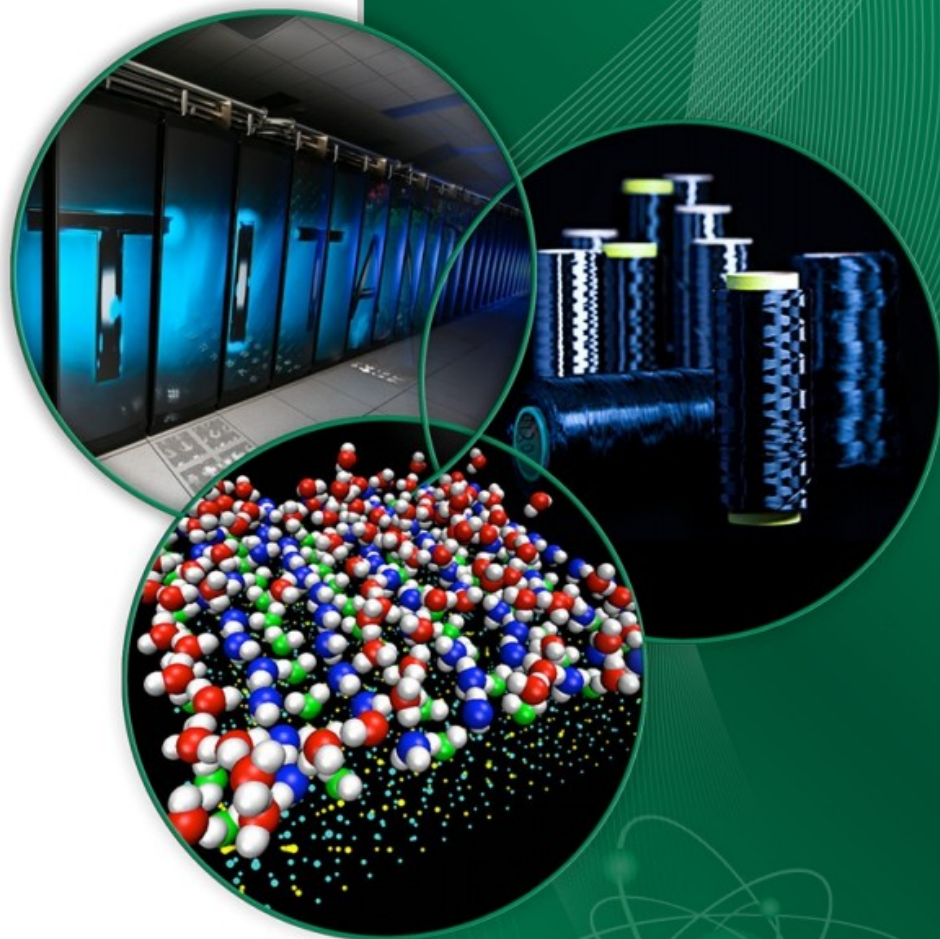
*Research Staff, CSMD*

*Oak Ridge National Laboratory*

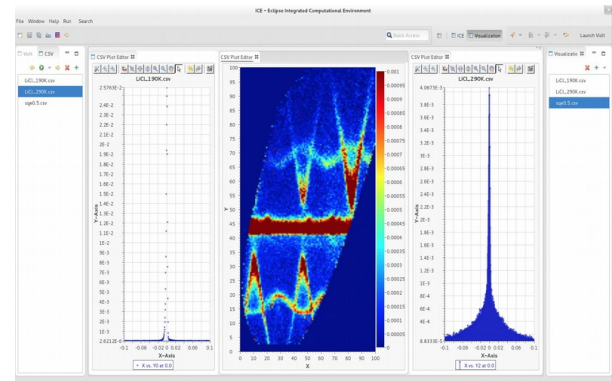
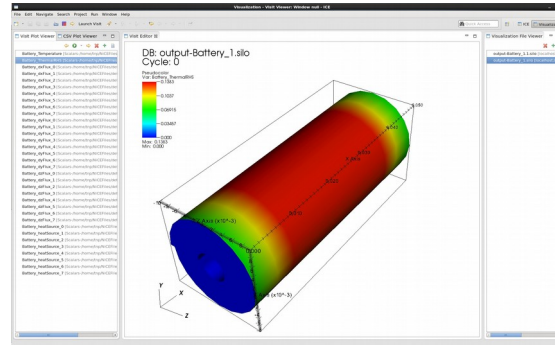
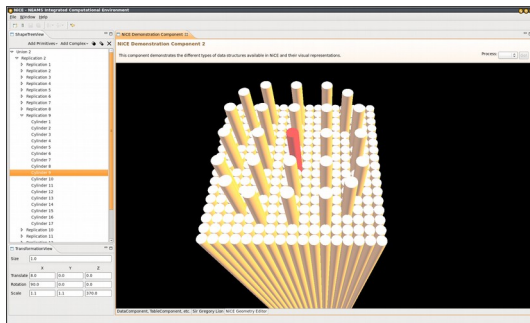
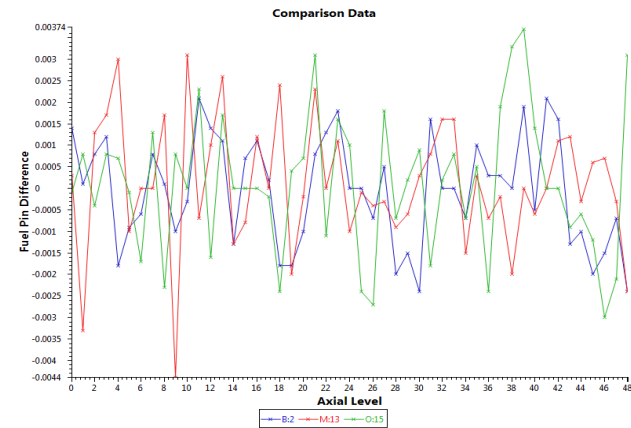
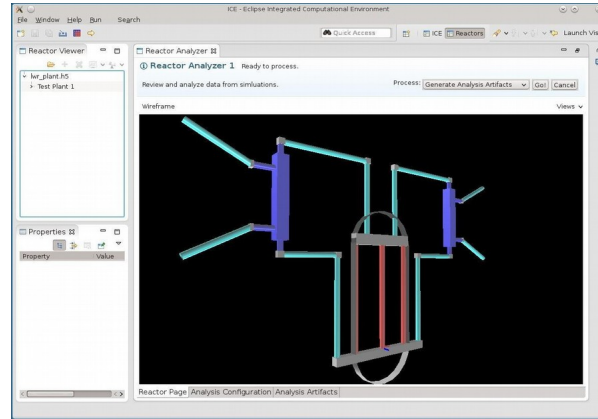
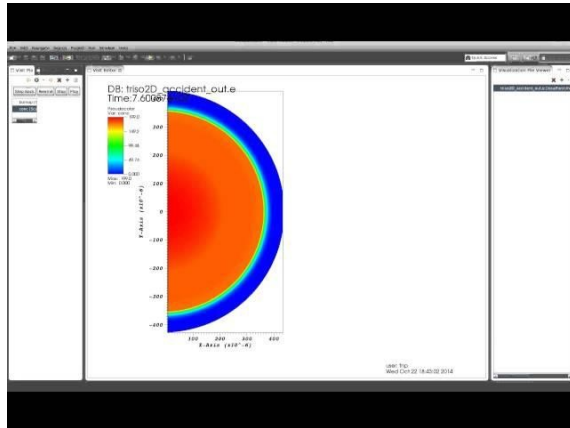
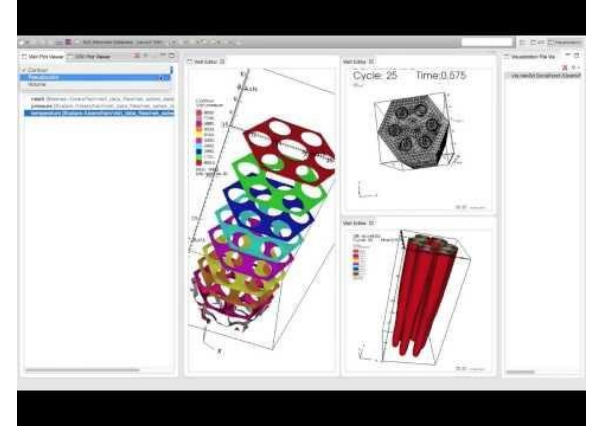
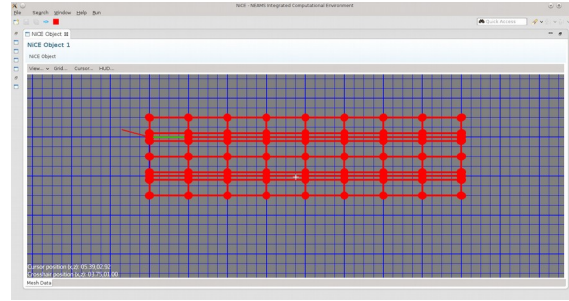
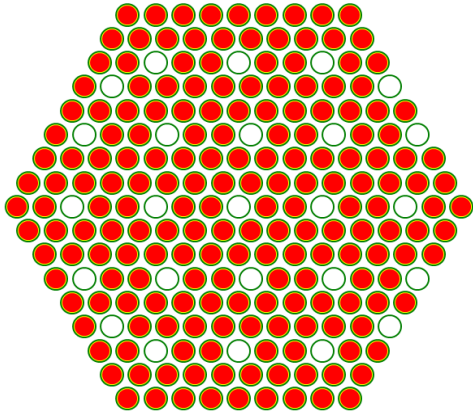
*The Bredesen Center*

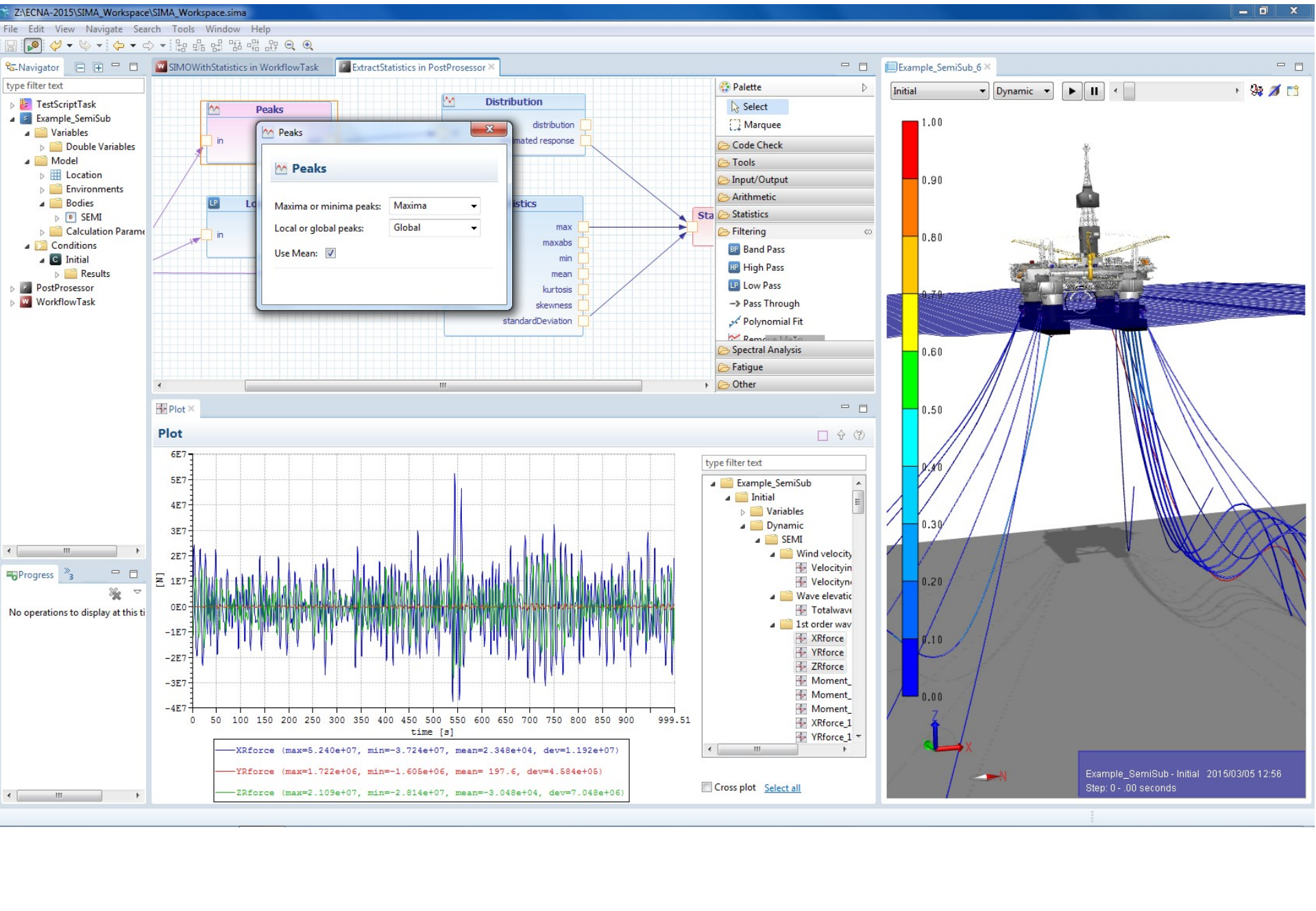
*billingsjj@ornl.gov*

20150310



# Eclipse ICE in 9 pictures or less







**h1. Reports in SIMA**

Reports are authored using a [Wiki markup](#) language such as Textile and can include formulas written in LaTeX as well as images, tables and charts created by the post processor.

The resulting document is in the Office Open XML format (OOXML) and can be worked on further using a text processor application.

**Formula**

```

\Re{z} = \frac{n\pi \sqrt{\frac{\theta + \psi}{2}}}{\left(\sqrt{\frac{\theta + \psi}{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{B}{A} \right| \right)^2}

```

Caption: Example Formula

Preview

$$\Re z = \frac{n\pi \frac{\theta + \psi}{2}}{\left(\frac{\theta + \psi}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{B}{A} \right| \right)^2}$$

**Hydrodynamic Interaction Between Bodies**

This option enables the user to include hydrodynamic interaction effects between an arbitrary number of bodies. These effects may be significant when the distance between the floating bodies is small.

Two groups of data are considered to enable this functionality:

- Coupled added mass (at infinite frequency)
- Coupled retardation function

Other load terms affected by hydrodynamic interaction are specified together with body forces (section A2).

The input specification makes use of the symmetric properties:

- Coupled added mass:  $(A_\infty)_{i,j} = (A_\infty)_{j,i}$
- Retardation function:  $\mathbf{h}(t - \tau)_{i,j} = \mathbf{h}(t - \tau)_{j,i}$

where the indices  $i$  and  $j$  refers to body  $i$  and body  $j$ .

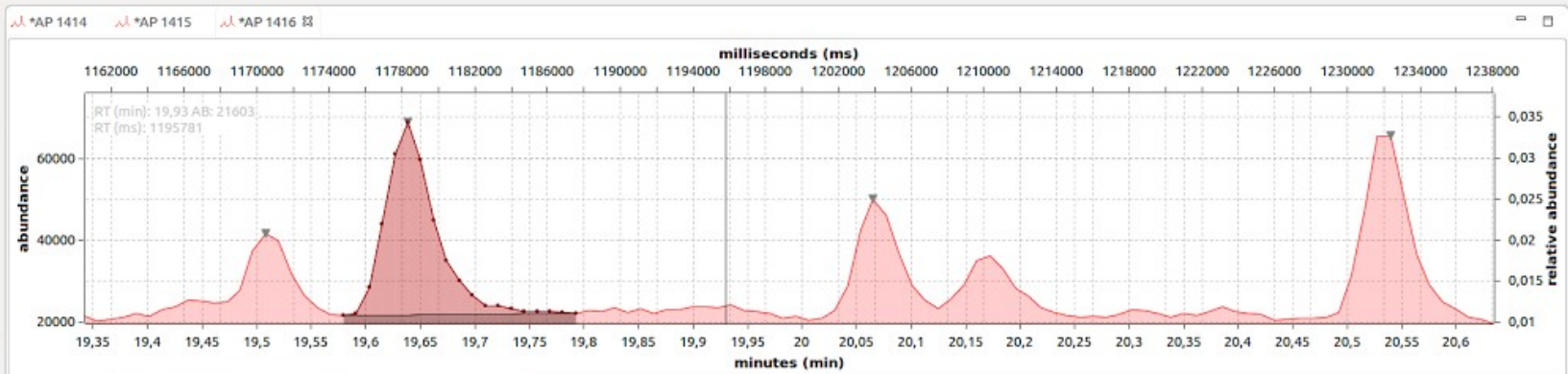
**Linear Damping in Example\_FPSO**

Description:

	Surge	Sway	Heave	Roll	Pitch	Yaw
Surge	7.0e+05	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sway	0.0	7.0e+05	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4e+07
Heave	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Roll	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.27e+06	0.0	0.0
Pitch	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yaw	0.0	3.4e+07	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.65e+09



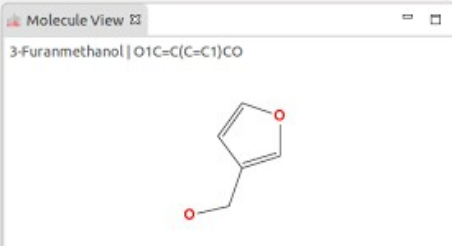
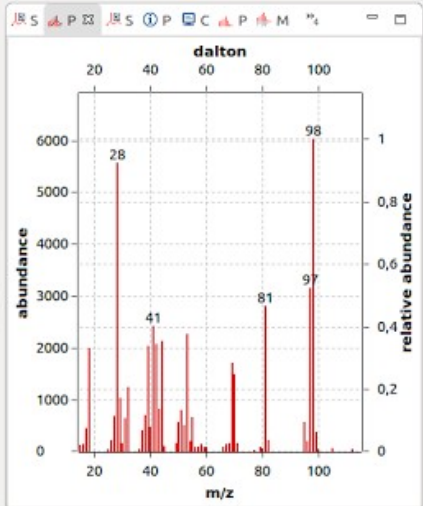
- OP13937q.ocb
- OP13938.ocb
- OP13938q.ocb
- OP13940.ocb
- OP13940q.ocb
- OP13942.ocb
- OP13942q.ocb
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- OP13975-quant.ocb
- OP13975.ocb
- OP13976.ocb
- OP13978.ocb
- OP13980.ocb



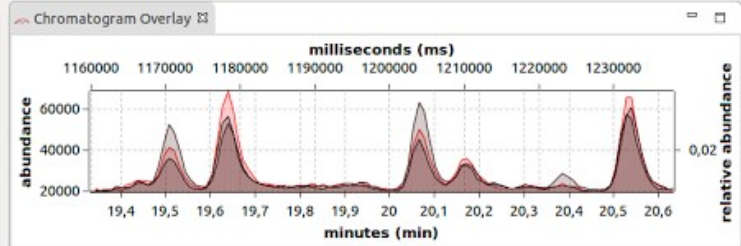
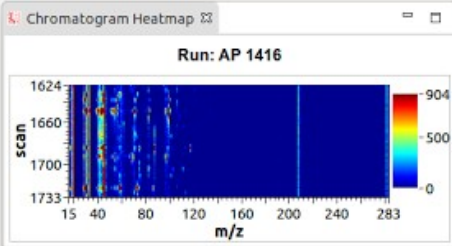
Mass Spectrum I...

m/z	abundance	par
16,1	143,0	
17,0	532,0	
18,1	2572,0	
27,2	56,0	
28,0	6926,0	
29,0	60,0	
32,0	2545,0	
39,0	67,0	
39,9	262,0	
44,0	1108,0	
93,8	85,0	
206,9	94,0	

Chromatogram Options Info Ion Transitions Referenced Chromatograms



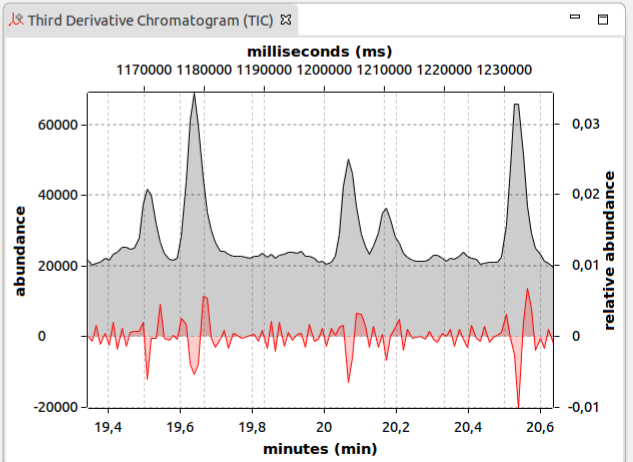
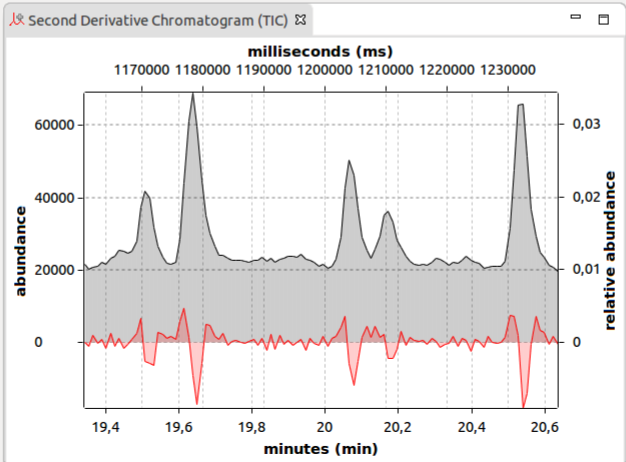
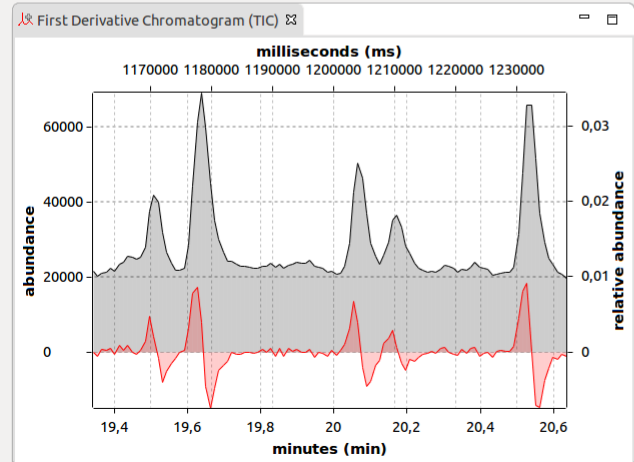
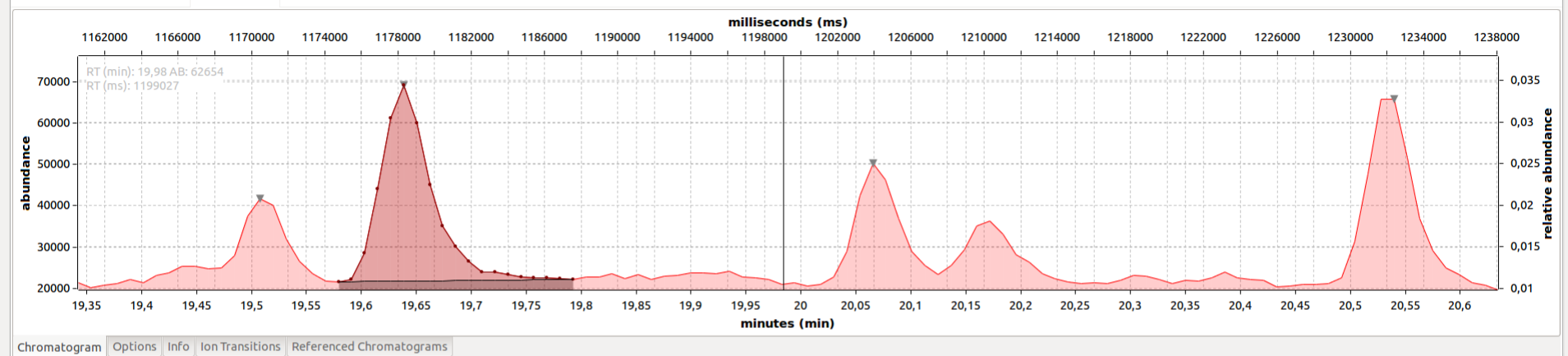
Name	CAS	Match Factor	Reverse Fact	Formula	Mc
3-Furanmethanol	4412-91-3	80,100	83,900	O1C=C(C=C1)O	0,0
3-Furanmethanol	4412-91-3	78,300	82,500	O1C=C(C=C1)O	0,0
1H-Imidazole-2-methanol	3724-26-3	74,900	82,700	N1C(=NC=C1)O	0,0
Methylenecyclopropanecarboxylic acid	62266-36-8	74,600	79,900	C=C1C(C1)C(=O)O	0,0
1,3-Butadiene-1-carboxylic acid	626-99-3	72,500	76,800	C(=CC=C)C(=O)O	0,0
Levogluconone	37112-31-5	69,900	72,200	C1(C(C(C(C(C1)O)O)O)O)O	0,0
1H-Imidazole-4-methanol	822-55-9	68,100	72,700	N1C=NC(=C1)O	0,0



Done: Peak result formulas calculated.



\*AP 1414 \*AP 1415 \*AP 1416



- large test files
  - 29p2keV
  - link
  - nice
  - OpusData
  - output
  - X60
    - 16077\_sub.nxs
    - 16077.nxs 137.6
    - 2495.nxs 160.2
    - 36153\_Peak\_Fitt
    - 36153.nxs 2.9 M

Header Table

pow\_M99S5\_1\_0001.cbf

Key
numPixels_y
numPixels_x
Silicon sensor, thickness
Filter_transmission
Kappa
Pixel_size
Beam_xy
Detector_distance
Wavelength

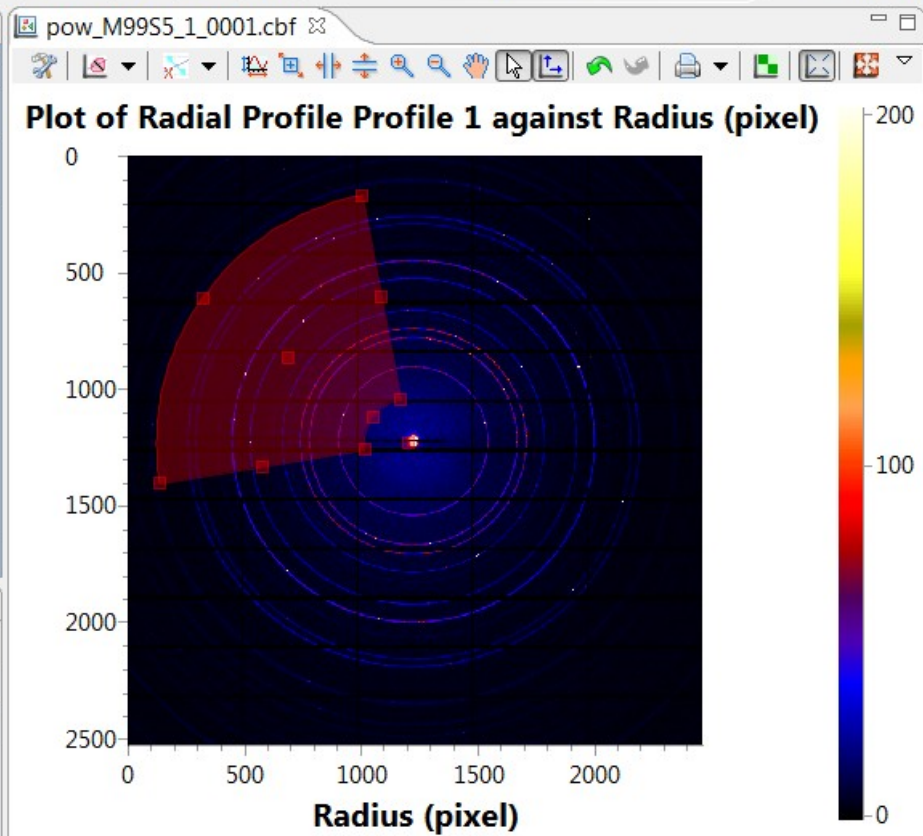
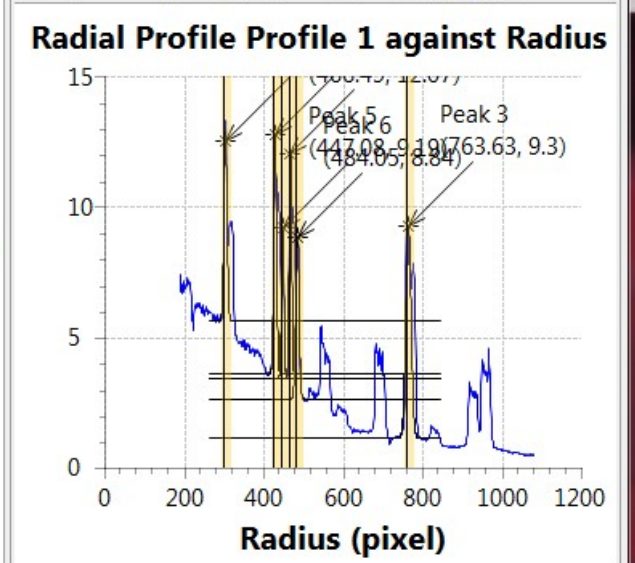


Image Info

```
PyDev Console [0]  
>>> trace_Peak_6.setTraceColor(color1)  
>>> ps = dnp.plot.getPlottingSystem("pow_M99S5_1_0001.cbf")  
>>> ps.setShowLegend(False)  
>>>
```

Data Radial Profile

px



### Peak Fitting

Trace	Name	Position
Radial Pr...	Peak 1	302.95131
Radial Pr...	Peak 2	428.07281
Radial Pr...	Peak 3	763.63
Radial Pr...	Peak 5	447.08
Radial Pr...	Peak 6	484.05

Fit attempted: '6' PseudoVoigt's using GeneticAlg with smoothing of '1' ([configure smoothing](#))

# Eclipse RCP for the French Medical Research

## Introduction

Till 25 years The French medical research for AIDES are leading trials of treatments or strategies of treatment on patients infected by HIV and/or hepatitis. To ensure a liable conservation, the sample collected were centralized in a big biobank which certifies the security and the quality of this precious material as the data associated.

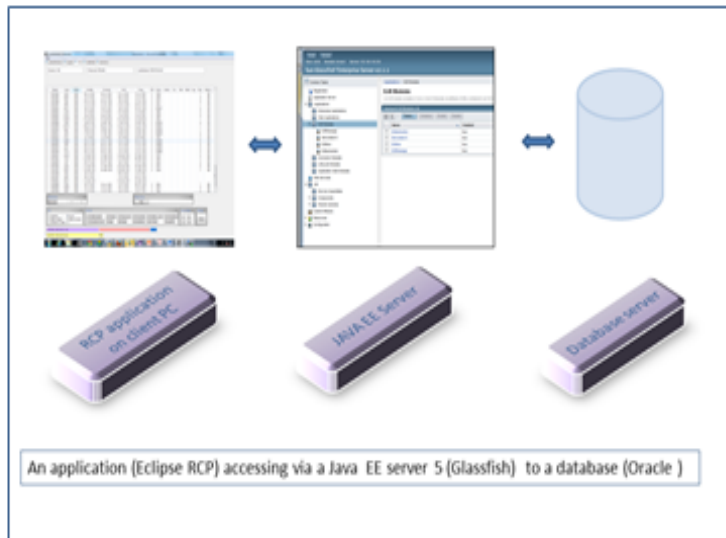
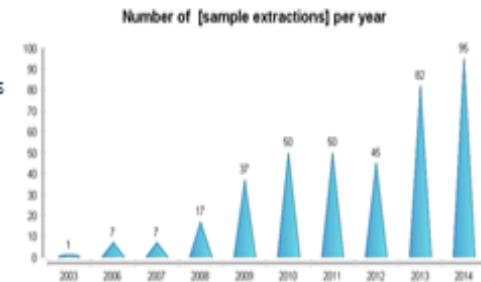
## Goals

The purpose is to invent, develop and deploy a application which takes in charge the interlocked logistic and scientific process. A part of the challenge is to do an architecture solid enough to take charge of the two interlocked process and enough flexible to permit evolutions. The other part of the challenge is to offer the best service for the analysis.

## How it is working

A list of rows (generally : protocol, patient or participant, date of sample , week) targeted by the analyses is confronted with the Samples Database. The programs are searching for the samples whose fit the best for those targets and establish the [Sample extraction]. As the [Sample extraction] is validated, the samples are extracted form the biobank .

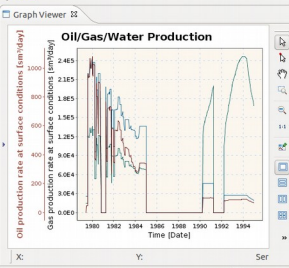
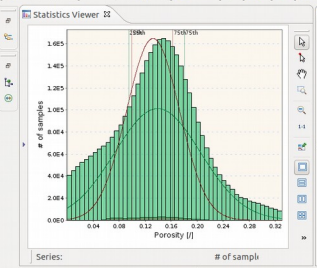
Each [Sample extraction] conducts to an analysis, this leading to a publication in congress and/or scientific press.



**Eclipse RCP can be used for a dynamic and innovative process using**

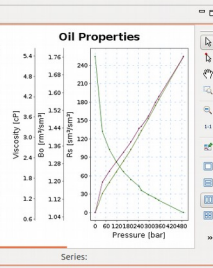
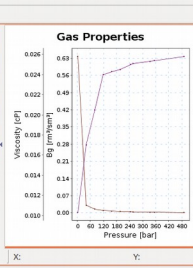
- power & strength from a Oracle database,
  - flexibility from eclipse RCP application
  - security from a Glassfish Server
- Oracle provides the strength and the persistence of a structured relational database (data tier).
  - RCP plug-in offers all the features to develop ergonomic interfaces (presentation tier).
  - The server Glassfish is mapping and hosting the EJB Beans (logical tier)





U:\Jfptc\ST

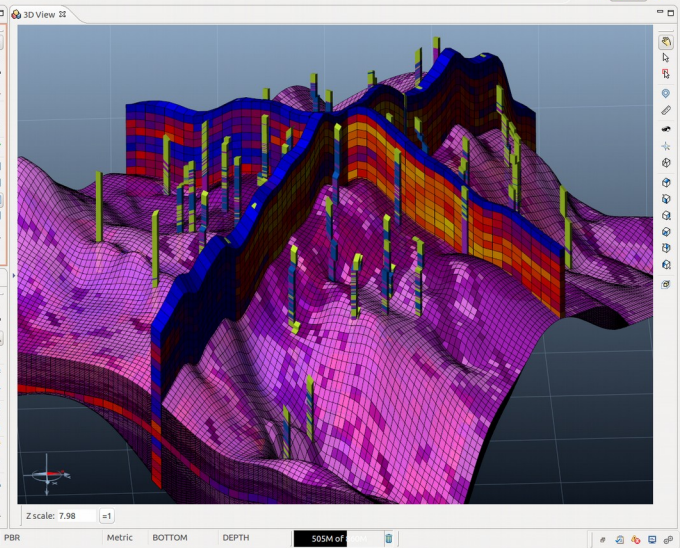
Property	Value	Unit
<b>Static Thermodynamic Data</b>		
Max pressure	905.665	bar
Min pressure	0.981	bar
Phase system	WOG	
Standard surface pressure	1.013	bar
Standard surface temperature	15.555	°C
Enthalpy ref. temperature	0	°C
Pure water molar weight	18.016	g/mol
Heavy specific heat		J/(g·°C)
Heavy specific heat derivat		J/(g·°C)
Volatile specific heat		J/(g·°C)
Volatile specific heat deriva		J/(g·°C)
Heat of vaporization		J/g
<b>Surface Fluid Properties</b>		
Surface gas density		g/cc
Surface gas density - fsh		g/cc
PVT General Data / Properties	Asphalten	%



Log Viewer

NA-02				NA-03D			NA-04			
Depth	PH	K	Facies	Depth	PH	Facies	Depth	K	Facies	
m	0	PH (f) 0.10 K (mD) 3000	1.0	m	0	PH (f) 0.27	m	110	K (mD) 123.77	1.0
47.33				6.024			-1			
50				6.040			20			
				6.050			30			
				6.058.6			40			
				6.070			50			
				6.080			60			
				6.090			70			
				6.100			80			
				6.110			90			
				6.121			100			
							110			
							120			
							135			

Depth (MD): 47.33 (m)





# UOMo - Units of Measurement

Science, Health/Fitness, QS

Smart  
Pill  
Boxes



Heartbeat  
Sensor



Weight  
Scales



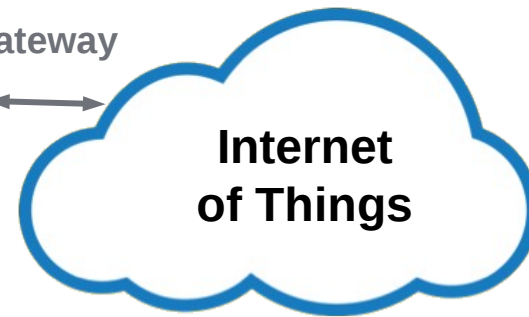
Blood  
Pressure



Blood  
Sugar



Medical  
Smart  
Services  
Gateway



## OGC Sensor Web Enablement

- SensorML
- O&M
- TransducerML
- GeographyML

Units of  
Measurements

## Unicode Consortium

- CLDR
- ICU4J

## Java Community Process

- JSR 275 / JSR 363

## UCUM/Regenstrief

- Unified Code for Units of Measure



# Any Questions?

Thanks to our sponsors!

